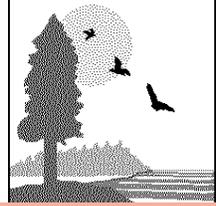


DUE OCTOBER 1

Pursuant to Public
Resources Code § 6306

Granted Public Trust Lands Standardized Reporting Form



Fiscal/Calendar Year: Fiscal Year 2014-15

Grantee Name: City of Newport Beach
Contact Person: Dan Matusiewicz, Finance Director
Contact Phone: 949-644-3126
Mailing Address: 100 Civic Center Drive
Newport Beach CA

1. Funds

a. Is a separate fund maintained for trust assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures?

YES NO

If "No", under what fund are they accounted for? If "Yes," please list the name(s) of the fund(s)

1) Tide and Submerged Lands Operating Fund (includes a restricted amount within this fund for Upper Newport Restoration Fund) 2) Tide and Submerged Lands Capital Fund

b. Are separate financial statements prepared for the trust?

YES NO

If "No," in which financial statements are they included? (Name of the document(s) and the applicable page number(s)) If "Yes," describe the organization of the separate financial statement.

City o Newport Beach - Tide and Submerged Lands Annual Financial Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2015. Pages 8-11

2. Revenue

a. What was the gross revenue received or generated from trust land or trust assets during the past fiscal year? Gross Revenue was \$13,824,628 for fiscal year 2014-15 (page 11)

b. Please list all sources of revenue and the amount of revenue generated from each source (e.g. permits, rentals, percentage of lease) See attached report - page 11.

3. Expenses

a. What was the total expenditure of funds received or generated from trust land or assets during the past fiscal year? Total expenditures were \$17,939,023 for fiscal year 2014-15 (page 12)

b. What expenses were allocated or charged directly to the trust? Please list the source of the expenditure and the amount expended. See attached report page 12.

c. Have there been any capital improvements over \$250,000 within the current fiscal year? Are any capital improvements over \$250,000 expected in the next fiscal year?

Yes, \$3,395,400 during fiscal year 2014-15 (page 11). yes, \$4,822,100 currently budgeted for fiscal year 2015-16.

d. Describe any other disposition of trust funds or assets or any other disposition of the trust lands or trust assets themselves. Include any internal funds that were transferred to other grantees, to the management of another entity or under the management of another political subdivision of the grantee per an agreement, settlement, or Memorandum of Understanding.

N/A - none noted

4. Beginning and Ending Balance

Please list the beginning and ending balances for the tidelands trust fund(s) for this past fiscal year.

Beginning Balance: 100 Tide and Submerged Lands Operating Fund: \$3,509,720 101 Harbor Capital Fund: \$(7,942,501) Reserve for Upper Bay Restoration \$430,626
Ending Balance : 100 Tide and Submerged Lands Operating Fund: \$2,831,462 101 Harbor Capital Fund: \$(7,144,672) Reserve for Upper NB Restoration: \$544,187 pages 10

For all questions, please give the page number where the information can be found in your accompanying financial document. Please use additional pages as necessary.

CITY OF NEWPORT BEACH

TIDE & SUBMERGED LANDS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015



CITY OF NEWPORT BEACH
Tide & Submerged Lands Annual Financial Report
Year Ended June 30, 2015

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CITY OF NEWPORT BEACH

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Newport Beach, California 92660
949 644-3127 | 949 644-3339 FAX
newportbeachca.gov/finance

January 28, 2016

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, Residents of the City of Newport Beach, and Citizens of the State of California,

I am pleased to present the City of Newport Beach – Tide and Submerged Lands (Tidelands) fiscal year 2014-15 annual financial report. The Tidelands Report is a report for the residents of California, and provides a concise, easy to read document that enables us to highlight information on the City's administration of the Tidelands pursuant to grants from the State of California.

This report reflects Tidelands fund balances, that when aggregated agree to amounts presented in the audited, fiscal year 2014-15 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of Newport Beach, CA which includes the Tidelands – Operating Fund and Tidelands – Harbor Capital Fund as major fund types, subject to audit.

This report only presents information on the financial condition of the Tidelands funds, and does not address the financial condition of the City of Newport Beach, CA as a whole. For more information on the financial condition of the City of Newport Beach, CA, please see the City's CAFR, which can be viewed on our website, at: www.NewportBeachCa.gov/CAFR.

Dan Matusiewicz
Finance Director

CITY OF NEWPORT BEACH

Tide and Submerged Lands Annual Financial Report for the Year Ending June 30, 2015

Overview

The City of Newport Beach manages and administers the Tidelands on behalf of all of the people of California and subject to specific legislative grants. The Tidelands within the city's boundaries are owned by the State of California and overseen by the California State Lands Commission (SLC). Some of the lands are administered by the County of Orange, but still are owned by the State.

The City, as a trustee, is required to submit an annual financial report to the SLC. This report enables us to highlight information on the City's financial administration of the Tidelands in more detail than the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). This report only presents information on the financial position of the Tide and Submerged Land funds, and does not address the financial position of the City of Newport Beach, CA as a whole. The City's audited CAFR, can be obtained at: www.newportbeachca.gov/cafr.

The City's granted Tidelands consist primarily of the land bayward of the bulkhead, and portions of the bay beaches in the Lower Bay (Coastward of the Upper Bay Bridge). Newport Beach Tidelands also include large portions of our ocean beaches and land covered by the Pacific Ocean from the shoreline to three (3) miles out to sea. Additionally, some areas within the Tidelands were filled in and developed long ago, and these are known as filled Tidelands. The portion of State Tidelands administered by the City is illustrated on the map below:



Guiding Legislation

The granted Tidelands must be used for purposes consistent with the public trust. Legislation known as the Beacon Bay Bill, adopted in 1978 and subsequently amended multiple times, is the guiding document that outlines how the City is to use and manage Tidelands, as well as how the City accounts for revenues and expenditures generated within Tidelands. According to the Bill, Tidelands can only be used for purposes in which there is a general statewide interest. These purposes are generally as follows:

- Establishing, improving, and operating a public harbor.
- Establishing, maintaining, and operating wharves, docks, piers, slips, quays, ways, and streets, or utilities, to promote commerce, fishing, or navigation.
- Establishing, improving, and operating beaches, marinas, aquatic playgrounds, and similar recreational facilities open to the public.
- Preserving, maintaining, and enhancing Tidelands in their natural state for use in scientific study, open space, and wildlife habitat.

The City has the power to regulate the use of Tidelands through leases, permits, policies, and ordinances that are consistent with the trust and relevant legislation.

Additionally, the Public Trust Doctrine and the California Constitution advise us. The Public Trust Doctrine says that:

...the Legislature has the power to delegate the management responsibility of tidelands and submerged lands to local governments. When it does so, these lands are known as granted lands, and the grantees that manage them must ensure that they are used in ways that are consistent with the public trust and with any other conditions the Legislature imposes...

The State Constitution (Article XVI, Section 6) says that:

...The Legislature shall have no power ...to make any gift or authorize the making of any gift, of any public money or thing of value to any individual, municipal or other corporation whatever...

Accounting for Tidelands Revenues and Expenditures

Funds are used by the City as a means to track and control resources intended for specific purposes. The Tidelands funds are utilized to control and manage resources intended for purposes described in the Beacon Bay Bill.

At this time, the City uses a two-fund approach to track and control resources intended for Tidelands accounting purposes.

Operating Fund

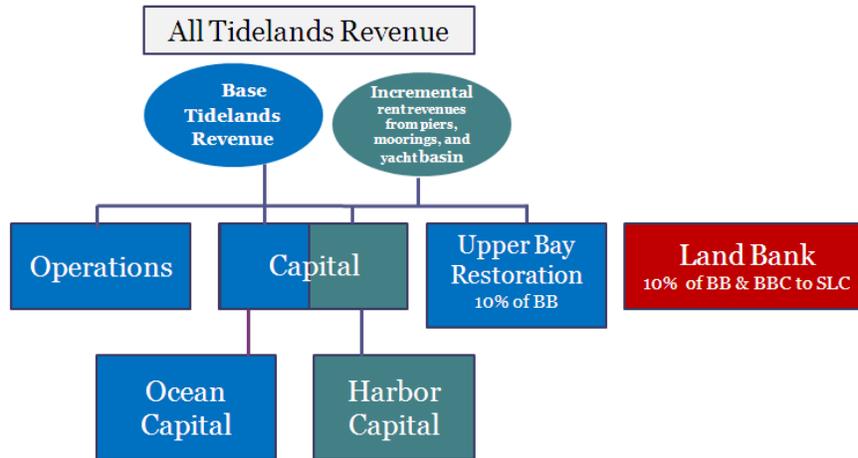
The Tidelands Operating fund is used to account for revenues related to the operation of the Tidelands under City jurisdiction, including beaches and marinas, and the related expenditures. Revenue from tideland operations includes, but is not limited to, rents from moorings, piers, and leases, as well as income from parking lots, meters, and the sale of oil. Funds intended for the Upper Bay Restoration are also accounted for in this fund in a separate reserve account.

Harbor Capital Fund

With the adoption of new permit and the adjustment of lease templates and adjusted commercial and noncommercial tidelands rent to fair market value in the decade of 2010, the City Council asked the State Lands Commission for permission to create a Harbor Capital Fund to sequester incremental increases from resulting tidelands rent adjustments solely finance critical in-Harbor capital improvements, like sea walls repair, dredging, piers, and important amenities. .

The following illustration identifies the structure of the City's Tidelands funds and the allocation of revenue between those funds. Additionally, the City has some discretion on the use of Tidelands revenues within the operating and capital funds.

Tidelands Funds



BB and BBC represents Beacon Bay and Balboa Bay Club respectively.

Additionally, the City Council formed the Tidelands Management Committee, a committee of three Council members plus seven citizen advisors that meets in public to make recommendations to the City Council on the prioritization and implementation of large infrastructure needs of the harbor through the publicly-available Tidelands Capital Plan. In 2016, the Council has discussed a more formal Tidelands Capital Plan that might be adopted and applied similar to several other “master plans” that the City follows.

Advances and the General Fund Subsidy

Beginning in FY 2008-09 the City had an opportunity to complete a long-awaited maintenance dredging project within Lower Newport Bay, and a similar opportunity arose to remove sediments not suitable for ocean disposal that sat at the bottom of the Rhine Channel. The timing was critical, as much of the sediment within the Harbor and the Rhine needed a special repository – and that repository was in fill areas at the Port of Long Beach as the Port embarked on a major terminal expansion. To take advantage of the Port’s space for sediment not suitable for ocean disposal (where the sediment would be buried and encased in a support structure and secured), the City Council advanced a loan from the General Fund to the Tidelands Harbor Capital Fund of \$9.7 million.

In addition, City Council approved another \$6.1 million in loan advances to the Harbor Capital Fund to cover the cost of developing the 23-space visitor-serving marina at the Marina Park project on the Peninsula. These advances are non-interest bearing, and are to be paid back to the General Fund from incremental revenue increases generated from certain leases, mooring rents, and commercial and residential pier rents. The balance of advance due to the General Fund as of June 30, 2015 is \$15.3 million.

Please see the notes to the financial statement for the repayment schedule.

Historically, the Tidelands Operating fund does not generate sufficient revenue to cover the full cost of operations – in large part because of the public safety costs (lifeguarding, EMS response, and police

services) associated with the ocean beaches. This is still the case in FY 2014-15. Due to the ongoing gap between revenues and expenditures, the City's General fund transfers money to subsidize the operations of the Tidelands Operating fund, on an annual basis. As Tidelands revenues and expenditures fluctuate year to year, the General fund subsidy also fluctuates. For FY 2014-15 the general fund transferred \$4.2 million to subsidize the Tidelands Operating fund.

Revenues

The Beacon Bay Bill requires the City to set up a separate Tidelands trust fund or funds, and mandates that the City deposit into these funds "all moneys received directly from, or indirectly attributable to..." the granted Tidelands in the City.

Why aren't property taxes and other taxes allocated to the Tidelands trust?

Very simply, the property owner or trustee of the property is not the intended recipient of the tax. For example, all revenue from property taxes are intended for local governments, not the property owner or trustee of the property. Regardless of who owns or operates the Tidelands property, the 1% property tax is distributed to local jurisdictions in accordance with Senate Bill 154 passed in 1978 and amended thereafter. This distribution formula includes counties, cities, special districts but does not include the property owner or trustee of the property.

Revenue from all sources total \$13.8 million for FY 2014-15. The allocation of revenue may be based on specific locations, or on a percentage located within the Tidelands. For instance, several leases are split between the General fund and the Tidelands Operating fund based on the location of specific rental units, or based on the percentage of units located within the Tidelands. Revenues attributable to the Tidelands are deposited and accounted for in the Tidelands funds, consistent with grant and trust requirements.

As noted, the City has committed to using revenues generated by certain incremental increases in rental rates for leases, moorings, and piers over designated base years to support Harbor related capital improvements in the Harbor Capital Fund. This incremental increase consisted of \$336,000 in increased revenues from Balboa Yacht Basin rentals of slips, apartments, and garages; \$911,000 from Balboa Bay Club; \$1.26 million from onshore, offshore, and County-managed guest moorings; and \$68,000 from residential piers.

The table to the right shows the top ten Tidelands fund revenue producers for FY 2014-15.

Of the total \$13.8 million in revenue attributable to both Tidelands funds, property income is the primary source. Combined Tidelands property income is \$13.4 million, or 97% of FY 2014-15 revenues, and is made up of \$6.8 million from leases, \$2.7 million from parking lots, \$1.4 million from the sale of oil, and \$2.5 million from rents for moorings, residential piers and commercial marina activities.

Top Tidelands Revenue Producers			
Top Tidelands Revenue Producers	Tide and Submerged Land Operating	Tide and Submerged Land Capital	Tide and Submerged Land Total
Balboa Bay Resort	\$ 3,011,162	\$ 910,757	\$ 3,921,919
Balboa Pier Parking Lot	1,653,619	-	1,653,619
Petroleum Royalties	1,393,867	-	1,393,867
Beacon Bay Residences	1,022,053	-	1,022,053
Oceanfront Parking Meters	812,661	-	812,661
Balboa Yacht Basin Slips	653,171	301,044	954,215
Offshore Moorings	623,171	1,050,376	1,673,547
Commercial Piers	382,875	-	382,875
Residential Piers	117,800	68,484	186,284
Onshore Moorings	69,546	113,443	182,989
Totals=	\$ 11,196,461	\$ 2,628,166	\$ 13,824,627

Note: "Total" includes other Tidelands revenue besides the top revenue producers.

Lease revenue of \$6.8 million consists of the following:

- 1) \$3.9 million from the Balboa Bay Club Lease. Per the amendment to the ground lease last year with the Balboa Bay Club and the State Lands statute, revenues from the Balboa Bay Club are split, 95% to Tidelands operating fund and 5% to the State Lands Commission's Land Bank fund. After five years, they will be modified 90% to Tidelands operating fund and 10% to the State Lands Commission's Land Bank fund.
- 2) \$1.1 million from Balboa Yacht Basin leases for slips, apartments, garages, and electricity. Balboa Yacht Basin revenues are split 53% to the General fund and 47% to Tidelands based on the percentage of area in the Tidelands.
- 3) \$1 million from Beacon Bay residential leases. Tidelands-related Beacon Bay lease revenues are split 80% to the Tideland Operating fund, 10% restricted within the Tidelands Operating fund for Upper Newport Bay Restoration, and 10% deposited in the Land Bank fund held and administered by the State Lands Commission. Some of the Beacon Bay residences are actually on uplands, and lease revenue from these properties goes to the General Fund.
- 4) The remaining \$800,000 is derived from a variety of smaller leases.

Parking revenue of \$2.7 million is made up of \$1.7 million from the Balboa Parking Lot, \$813,000 from the Ocean front Lot and 187,000 from a combination of smaller lots.

The City received \$1.4 million in revenues from the sale of oil. During FY 2014-15, 22,715 barrels of oil were produced from 16 wells located in West Newport. The City has set aside \$520,000 in the Tideland's Operating fund for future improvements to these oil wells, but as of the date of this report, no determination has been made to proceed with these improvements.

Newport Beach is home to approximately 4,300 boats, 1,200 moorings, 2,300 commercial slips and side ties, and 870 residential piers, resulting in \$2.5 million in revenue from rentals, including \$2 million in revenue from off-shore, on-shore, and county managed guest moorings, \$186,000 from residential piers, and \$383,000 from commercial piers.

Additional revenue sources include: 1) licenses and permits of \$54,000, derived from pier transfer fees and live aboard permits, 2) \$215,000 in charges for services from investigative fees, 3) \$104,000 from

interest income as well as 4) \$7,000 from fines and forfeitures for administrative fines, and abandoned vessels.

Expenditures

Generally, the Beacon Bay Bill permits the City to expend the revenues accruing from use of the Tidelands for the management, operation, and control of the lands and/or any improvements, betterments, or structures, as well as for any use that furthers the purposes of the trust. Total tidelands expenditures for FY 2014-15 totaled \$18 million. The City's expenditure approach is reviewed regularly between City staff and SLC staff.

Direct Costs are those activities, programs, or functions whose primary purpose wholly or substantially benefit the Tidelands. These expenditures are charged directly to the activity, program, or function that benefits from them. There are currently three types of expenditures charged directly to the Tidelands funds; 1) Harbor Resources division operating costs of 1.9 million; 2) oil and gas generating activities of \$647,000; and 3) capital projects directly benefiting, or located within the Tidelands of \$3.4 million.

Indirect Costs are those City-wide costs for services that support a variety of City activities, programs, and functions and are centrally budgeted, examples include but are not limited to; 1) Public safety services to Tidelands users, including Police, Fire, and Marine safety services of \$8.9 million; 2) Public Works services that protect or otherwise support the Tidelands, such as water quality, stormwater protection, infrastructure maintenance and municipal operations of \$2.3 million; 3) Community Services (such as parking operations) of \$357,000; and 4) General government administrative services of \$397,000 including City Council, City Clerk, City Attorney, City Manager, Finance, Human Resources, and building use which generally consists of the Tidelands' share of this overhead.

The City uses outside cost allocation experts, currently MGT of America Inc. (MGT), to develop the indirect cost allocation plan that identifies and distributes these indirect costs to all operating activities, programs, and functions within the City's organizational structure. This allocation plan includes allocation of costs to the Tidelands Operating fund.

The cost allocation plan takes a detailed approach to analyzing the costs attributable to Tidelands Operations. MGT interviewed staff in each department and analyzed data within each central activity to determine: 1) what services are provided; 2) which functions or departments receive benefits from these services; and 3) how to determine the amount of benefit received, or what is the best driver for allocating centrally budgeted services to programs or functions receiving the benefits.

For example Public Works salaries and operating expenses may be allocated based on a time study of which programs or functions were worked on, Accounts Payable salaries and operating expenses may be allocated on the number of checks processed for a program or function, City Clerk salaries and operating expenses may be allocated based on the number of agenda items per program or function. There are many alternative drivers to choose from, and the City relies on MGT's expertise in selecting these drivers.

The drivers are used to allocate General government activities among the City's departments and divisions, then administrative costs within the departments and divisions are allocated to the various activities, programs, and functions of the City using similar methodologies. Indirect costs are added to direct costs, to determine the full cost of each activity, program, and function.

Finally, a share of the full cost of activities, programs, and functions, that provide services to the Tidelands are allocated, using the best drivers and methodologies identified by MGT. For FY 2014-15 total expenditures of \$18 million for both funds included indirect cost allocations to the Tidelands Operating fund totaling \$12 million.

The City regularly reports its expenditure information, including the indirect cost allocation, to the State lands Commission for review and approval to ensure the City is meeting all the obligations of the Beacon Bay Bill; using Tidelands funds only for Tidelands purposes.

Conclusion

The City endeavors to manage and administer Tidelands in accordance with the appropriate legislation while working with the California State Lands Commission to ensure Newport Harbor continues to be a prosperous and effective harbor. It is always fair to re-evaluate both Tidelands revenue sources and expenditure purposes on a regular basis, and the City attempts to do so with the City Council, the community, and the State Lands Commission. Changes to the allocations, if consistent with the Trust and related legislation, should be viewed both on their merits and how they might impact City operations, services, and other funds.

Comprehensive financial detail on City of Newport Beach Tidelands can be found in the financial statements that follow.

CITY OF NEWPORT BEACH
Tide and Submerged Lands
Balance Sheet
June 30, 2015

Assets	Tide and Submerged Land Operating	Tide and Submerged Land Harbor Capital	Tide and Submerged Land Total Funds
Cash and investments	\$ 2,724,968	\$ 8,254,209	\$ 10,979,177
Receivables:			
Accounts (net of allowance)	890,980	-	890,980
Intergovernmental receivables	-	502,254	502,254
Total assets	<u>\$ 3,615,948</u>	<u>\$ 8,756,463</u>	<u>\$ 12,372,411</u>
Liabilities, Deferred inflows of resources and Fund Balances			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 616,586	\$ 118,981	\$ 735,567
Accrued payroll	23,407	-	23,407
Deposits payable	144,493	-	144,493
Advance from other funds (note 2)	-	15,309,559	15,309,559
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 784,486</u>	<u>\$ 15,428,540</u>	<u>\$ 16,213,026</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Unavailable revenue	-	472,595	472,595
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 472,595</u>	<u>\$ 472,595</u>
Fund balances (deficit):			
Restricted:			
Upper Newport Bay Restoration	544,187	-	544,187
Capital Re-appropriations	1,089,090	-	1,089,090
Encumbrance	678,185	-	678,185
Committed:			
Oil and Gas Liabilities	520,000	-	520,000
Unassigned:	-	(7,144,672)	(7,144,672)
Total fund balances (deficit)	<u>2,831,462</u>	<u>(7,144,672)</u>	<u>(4,313,210)</u>
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 3,615,948</u>	<u>\$ 8,756,463</u>	<u>\$ 12,372,411</u>

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

CITY OF NEWPORT BEACH
Tide and Submerged Lands
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Tide and Submerged Land Operating	Tide and Submerged Land Harbor Capital	Tide and Submerged Land Total Funds
Revenues			
Licenses and permits	\$ 53,982	\$ -	\$ 53,982
Charges for services	215,447	-	215,447
Fines and forfeitures	6,610	-	6,610
Investment income	44,312	36,673	80,985
Net increase in fair value of investments	14,990	7,790	22,781
Income from the use of property and money			
Parking			
Balboa Lot	1,653,619	-	1,653,619
Other parking	1,084,353	-	1,084,353
Total Parking	<u>2,737,972</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,737,972</u>
Leases			
Balboa Yacht Basin Slips (net of increment)	653,171	301,044	954,214
Balboa Yacht Basin Garages (net of increment)	35,344	23,452	58,796
Balboa Yacht Basin Apartments (net of increment)	30,456	11,015	41,471
Balboa Yacht Basin Electric	18,313	-	18,313
Balboa Bay Club	3,011,162	910,757	3,921,919
Beacon Bay	1,022,053	-	1,022,053
Other Leases	764,357	4,873	769,230
Total Leases	<u>5,534,856</u>	<u>1,251,142</u>	<u>6,785,997</u>
Rent			
Moorings Off-Shore (net of increment)	623,171	1,050,376	1,673,547
Moorings On-Shore (net of increment)	69,546	113,443	182,989
Moorings Guest (net of increment)	-	100,259	100,259
Residential Piers Rent (net of increment)	117,800	68,484	186,284
Commercial Piers Rent (net of increment)			
Large Com Marina Rent	246,274	-	246,274
Small Com Marina Rent	42,871	-	42,871
Vessel Charter Bus Rent	23,985	-	23,985
Vessel Rental Facility Rent	17,651	-	17,651
HOA Members Only	1,786	-	1,786
Yacht Club Guest Slip Rent	12,658	-	12,658
Restaurant Rent	7,517	-	7,517
Shipyard Rent	12,574	-	12,574
Other Rent - City Tld (Harbor Marina)	4,758	-	4,758
Other Rent - Bldg over Tld	4,619	-	4,619
Fuel Dock - Base/Plus Rent	4,209	-	4,209
Sport Fishing Charter Rent	3,973	-	3,973
Total Commercial Piers Rent	<u>382,875</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>382,875</u>
Total Rent	<u>1,193,392</u>	<u>1,332,561</u>	<u>2,525,953</u>
Sale of Oil	1,393,867	-	1,393,867
Total property income	<u>10,860,087</u>	<u>2,583,703</u>	<u>13,443,789</u>
Other	1,033	-	1,033
Total Revenues	<u>11,196,461</u>	<u>2,628,166</u>	<u>13,824,628</u>

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

CITY OF NEWPORT BEACH
Tide and Submerged Lands
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015
Continued

Expenditures	Tide and Submerged Land Operating	Tide and Submerged Land Harbor Capital	Tide and Submerged Land Total Funds
General government:			
City council - Indirect	\$ 6,235	\$ -	\$ 6,235
City clerk - Indirect	21,003	-	21,003
City attorney - Indirect	72,186	-	72,186
City manager - Indirect	99,438	-	99,438
Finance - Indirect	69,415	-	69,415
Human resources - Indirect	8,708	-	8,708
Building Use - Indirect	120,000	-	120,000
Total General government	<u>396,986</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>396,986</u>
Public safety:			
Police - Indirect	2,490,442	-	2,490,442
Fire - Indirect	2,066,860	-	2,066,860
Marine safety - Indirect	4,370,364	-	4,370,364
Total Public safety	<u>8,927,666</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,927,666</u>
Public works:			
Public works - Indirect	393,174	-	393,174
Utilities Oil and Gas - Direct	647,213	-	647,213
MOD- General services - Indirect	1,935,716	-	1,935,716
Total Public works	<u>2,976,103</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,976,103</u>
Community services:			
Harbor resources - Direct	1,886,067	-	1,886,067
Parking operations - Indirect	356,800	-	356,800
Total Community services	<u>2,242,867</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,242,867</u>
Capital improvement projects: - All are Direct			
Marina Park	-	1,767,924	1,767,924
Balboa Island Bulkhead & Seawall Repair	-	45,397	45,397
Central Ave Public Pier	-	9,000	9,000
Lower Harbor Dredging	-	7,971	7,971
Ocean Pier Repair & Inspection	518,615	-	518,615
Storm Drain System Repairs	370,000	-	370,000
Harbor Piers Maintenance	220,298	-	220,298
Bay Beach Sand Mangement	157,621	-	157,621
Semeniuk Slough Dredging	128,743	-	128,743
Bulkhead Repairs/Sealing Rehabs	70,345	46	70,390
Newport Harbor dredging permit RPG54	36,294	-	36,294
Balboa Marina Public Pier FESB	35,168	-	35,168
Tidegate Retrofit	14,987	-	14,987
Eelgrass Survey	11,171	-	11,171
Mooring Services Improvements	1,820	-	1,820
Total Capital improvement projects	<u>1,565,063</u>	<u>1,830,337</u>	<u>3,395,400</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>16,108,685</u>	<u>1,830,337</u>	<u>17,939,023</u>
Other financing sources			
Transfers in	4,233,965	-	4,233,965
Total other financing sources	<u>4,233,965</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,233,965</u>
Net change in fund balance	(678,258)	797,829	119,570
Fund balance, beginning	<u>3,509,720</u>	<u>(7,942,501)</u>	<u>(4,432,781)</u>
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 2,831,462</u>	<u>\$ (7,144,672)</u>	<u>\$ (4,313,210)</u>

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

NOTES

1. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The basic financial statements of the Newport Beach, CA Tide and Submerged Lands are comprised of fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements.

The fund financial statements utilize the current financial resources measurement focus and thus have a short-term focus measuring inflows of current spendable assets. The resulting net difference between current financial assets, deferred outflows of resources, current financial liabilities and deferred inflows of resources otherwise known as fund balance. Fund balance is similar to net working capital in the private sector, a measure of the entity's ability to finance activities in the near term.

Tidelands are accounted for in two Special Revenue funds. These Special Revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for the Tide and Submerged Lands. Fund descriptions are:

Tide and Submerged Land – Operating Fund is a Special Revenue fund used to account for revenues related to the operation of the City's tidelands, including beaches and marinas, and the related expenditures. Revenue from tideland operations includes, but is not limited to, rents from moorings, piers, and leases, as well as income from parking lots, meters, and the sale of oil.

Tide and Submerged Land – Harbor Capital Fund is used to account for incremental increases in revenue from certain property lease, pier, and mooring rentals that exceed Council designated base year revenue amounts, as well as other designated revenues and the related expenditures for capital projects, maintenance, and servicing of loan advances from the General fund.

These funds are presented using the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. *Measurable* means that the amounts can be estimated, or otherwise determined. *Available* means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. The City uses an availability period of 60 days for all revenues in the Tidelands fund.

2. Advances

Advances from the General fund to the Tide and Submerged Land – Harbor Capital fund are primarily for the purpose of funding expenditures for dredging and other high impact projects within the City's tidelands, specifically within, or benefitting the Newport Harbor.

	<u>Advance From</u>	<u>Advance To</u>
General Fund	\$ 15,309,559	\$ -
Tide and Submerged Land - Harbor Capital Fund	-	15,309,559
Total	<u>\$ 15,309,559</u>	<u>\$ 15,309,559</u>

The advances will be paid back to the General fund from incremental revenue increases generated from certain leases, mooring rents, and commercial and residential pier rents. Below is the repayment schedule:

**Harbor Capital Fund Advance - Repayment
Terms
(Zero Interest Advance)**

Fiscal Year	Advance #1 Dredging Projects Repayment	Advance #2 Marina Park Project Repayment	Total Repayment
	2016	500,000	-
2017	750,000	132,900	882,900
2018	750,000	250,000	1,000,000
2019	750,000	250,000	1,000,000
2020	750,000	500,000	1,250,000
2021	750,000	500,000	1,250,000
2022	750,000	500,000	1,250,000
2023	750,000	500,000	1,250,000
2024	750,000	500,000	1,250,000
2025	750,000	500,000	1,250,000
2026	750,000	500,000	1,250,000
2027	750,000	500,000	1,250,000
2028	426,659	500,000	926,659
2029	-	500,000	500,000
2030	-	500,000	500,000
Total	\$9,176,659	\$6,132,900	\$ 15,309,559

3. Revenue

In some instances, governmental accounting standards permit revenues in governmental funds to be reported net of certain costs. Accordingly, other leases revenue of \$769,230 is reported net of \$410 of estimated uncollectible customer accounts, and parking meter revenues are reported net of \$137,116 of related credit card service costs.



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