STAFF REPORT

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A 13 06/28/19 PRC 5653.1 S 5

GENERAL LEASE - RECREATIONAL AND PROTECTIVE STRUCTURE USE

APPLICANT:

Lionel L. Duff, Jr. and Joan R. Duff

PROPOSED LEASE:

AREA, LAND TYPE, AND LOCATION:

Sovereign land located in the Calaveras River, adjacent to 2739 Calariva Drive, Stockton, San Joaquin County.

AUTHORIZED USE:

Continued use and maintenance of an existing floating boathouse with boat lift, six pilings, ramp, landing platform, debris deflector, and bank protection.

LEASE TERM:

10 years, beginning April 26, 2019.

CONSIDERATION:

Floating boathouse with boat lift, six pilings, ramp, landing platform, and debris deflector: \$125 per year, with an annual Consumer Price Index adjustment.

Bank protection: The public use and benefit, with the State reserving the right at any time to set a monetary rent if the Commission finds such action to be in the State's best interests.

SPECIFIC LEASE PROVISIONS:

- Liability insurance in an amount no less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence.
- Lessee acknowledges and agrees that hazards associated with sea-level rise may require additional maintenance or protection strategies regarding the improvements on the lease premises and assumes the risks associated with these potential hazards.

STAFF ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATION: Authority:

Public Resources Code sections 6005, 6216, 6301, 6321, 6321.2, 6501.1, 6503, and 6503.5; California Code of Regulations, title 2, sections 2000 and 2003.

Public Trust and State's Best Interests Analysis:

On June 1, 2009, the Commission authorized a General Lease – Recreational and Protective Structure Use to Lionel L. Duff, Jr. and Joan R. Duff (Item C28, June 1, 2009). That lease expired on April 25, 2019. The Applicant is now applying for a General Lease – Recreational and Protective Structure Use, for the continued use and maintenance of an existing floating boathouse with boat lift, six pilings, ramp, landing platform, debris deflector, and bank protection in the Calaveras River.

The proposed lease area contains the same facilities as the prior lease. These facilities are designed for recreational boating and shoreline protection. Recreational boating is a water-dependent activity and is generally consistent with the common law Public Trust Doctrine. The California Legislature has identified private recreational boating facilities as an authorized use of Public Trust lands (Pub. Resources Code, § 6503.5). The bank protection will maintain and improve the integrity of the river channel, which will help protect the Public Trust resources of the Calaveras River for recreational and navigational use by the public.

The proposed lease does not alienate the State's fee simple interest or permanently impair public rights. The lease is limited to a 10-year term, does not grant the lessee exclusive rights to the lease premises, and reserves an easement to the public for Public Trust-consistent uses. Upon termination of the lease, the lessee may be required to remove all improvements from State land and restore the lease premises to their original condition.

The proposed lease requires the lessee to insure the lease premises and indemnify the State for any liability incurred as a result of the lessee's activities thereon. The lease also requires the payment of annual rent to compensate the people of the State for the occupation of the public land involved.

Climate Change:

Climate change impacts, including sea-level rise, more frequent and intense storm events, and increased flooding and erosion, affect both open coastal areas and inland waterways in California. The subject

facilities are located on the Calaveras River, in a tidally influenced site vulnerable to flooding at current sea levels and at a higher risk of flood exposure given projected scenarios of sea-level rise.

The California Ocean Protection Council updated the State of California Sea-Level Rise Guidance in 2018 to provide a synthesis of the best available science on sea-level rise projections and rates. Commission staff evaluated the "high emissions," "medium-high risk aversion" scenario to apply a conservative approach based on both current emission trajectories and the lease location and structures. The San Francisco tide gauge was used for the projected sea-level rise scenario for the region as listed in Table 1.

Table 1. Projected Sea-Level Rise for San Francisco

Year	Projection (feet)
2030	0.8
2040	1.3
2050	1.9
2100	6.9

Source: Table 13, State of California Sea-Level Rise

Guidance: 2018 Update

Note: Projections are with respect to a 1991 to 2009 baseline.

This projected sea-level rise could increase the Calaveras River's inundation levels within the lease area, and this risk of flood exposure is likely to increase with time. In addition, as stated in *Safeguarding California Plan: 2018 Update* (California Natural Resources Agency 2018), climate change is projected to increase the frequency and severity of natural disasters related to flooding, fire, drought, extreme heat, and storms (especially when coupled with sea-level rise). In rivers and tidally influenced waterways, more frequent and powerful storms can result in increased flooding conditions and damage from storm-created debris as well as decreased bank stability and structure. Conversely, climate-change induced droughts could decrease river levels and flow for extended periods of time. Climate change and sea-level rise will further influence riverine areas by changing erosion and sedimentation rates. Flooding and storm flow, as well as runoff, will likely increase scour and decrease bank stability at a faster rate.

The combination of these projected conditions could increase the likelihood of damage and affect access to structures within the lease premises during the term of the lease. For example, the potential for more frequent and stronger storm events may expose the lease area structures

to higher flood risks and cause facilities to be damaged or dislodged, presenting hazards to public safety as well as dangers for navigation within the channel. Conversely, prolonged drought conditions could lower water levels, exposing previously submerged structures, thereby increasing hazards related to the lease area structures.

The structures within the lease premises may need reinforcement and possibly replacement to withstand higher levels of flood exposure and more frequent storm events. Further climate change impact analyses would be assessed at the end of the lease term, based on projected sealevel rise and climate change scenarios. Regular maintenance, as required by the terms of the lease, will reduce the likelihood of severe structural degradation.

Pursuant to the proposed lease, the Applicant acknowledges that the lease premises are located in an area that may be subject to effects of climate change, including sea-level rise.

Conclusion:

For all the reasons above, staff believes the issuance of this lease is consistent with the common law Public Trust Doctrine and is in the best interests of the State.

OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION:

- 1. Approval or denial of the application is a discretionary action by the Commission. Each time the Commission approves or rejects a use of sovereign land, it exercises legislatively delegated authority and responsibility as trustee of the State's Public Trust lands as authorized by law. If the Commission denies the application, the Applicant may be required to remove the floating boathouse with boat lift, six pilings, ramp, landing platform, debris deflector, and bank protection, and restore the premises to their original condition. Upon expiration or prior termination of the lease, the lessee also has no right to a new lease or to renewal of any previous lease.
- 2. This action is consistent with Strategy 1.1 of the Commission's Strategic Plan to deliver the highest levels of public health and safety in the protection, preservation, and responsible economic use of the lands and resources under the Commission's jurisdiction.
- 3. Staff recommends that the Commission find that this activity is exempt from the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) as a categorically exempt project. The project is exempt under Class 1,

Existing Facilities; California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 2905, subdivision (a)(2).

Authority: Public Resources Code section 21084 and California Code of Regulations, title 14, section 15300 and California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 2905.

EXHIBITS:

- A. Land Description
- B. Site and Location Map

RECOMMENDED ACTION:

It is recommended that the Commission:

CEQA FINDING:

Find that the activity is exempt from the requirements of CEQA pursuant to California Code of Regulations, title 14, section 15061 as a categorically exempt project, Class 1, Existing Facilities; California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 2905, subdivision (a)(2).

PUBLIC TRUST AND STATE'S BEST INTERESTS:

Find that the proposed lease will not substantially interfere with public rights to navigation and fishing or with the Public Trust needs and values at this location, at this time, and for the foreseeable term of the lease; is consistent with the common law Public Trust Doctrine; and is in the best interests of the State.

AUTHORIZATION:

Authorize issuance of a General Lease – Recreational and Protective Structure Use to the Applicant beginning April 26, 2019, for a term of 10 years, for the continued use and maintenance of an existing floating boathouse with boat lift, six pilings, ramp, landing platform, debris deflector, and bank protection, as described in Exhibit A and shown on Exhibit B (for reference purposes only) attached and by this reference made a part hereof; consideration for the floating boathouse with boat slip, six pilings, ramp, landing platform, and debris deflector: \$125 per year, with an annual Consumer Price Index adjustment; consideration for the bank protection: the public use and benefit, with the State reserving the right at any time to set a monetary rent if the Commission finds such action to be in the State's best interests; and liability insurance in an amount no less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence.

EXHIBIT A

PRC 5653.1

LAND DESCRIPTION

A parcel of submerged land situate in the bed of the Calaveras River, lying adjacent to Swamp and Overflowed Land Survey 924 patented April 19, 1876, County of San Joaquin, State of California and more particularly described as follows:

All those lands underlying an existing floating boathouse with boat lift, six (6) pilings, ramp, landing platform and and debris deflector lying adjacent to the left bank of said river and being adjacent to and northwesterly of those parcels of land as described in that Individual Grant Deed, recorded April 07, 1987 in Document Number 87030413 in Official Records of said County.

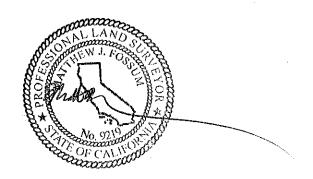
TOGETHER WITH those lands underlying any existing bank protective structure.

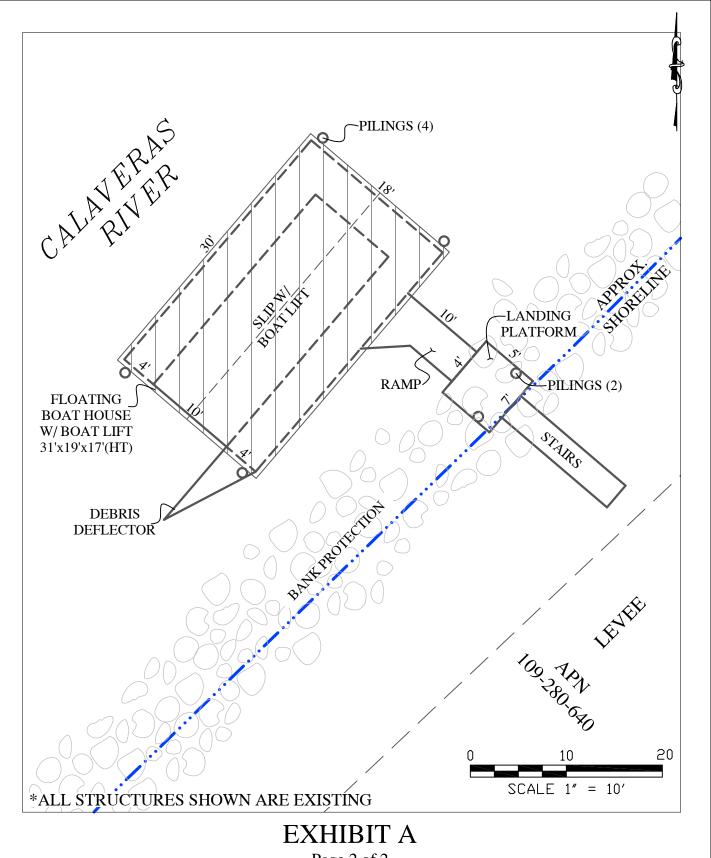
EXCEPTING THEREFROM any portion lying landward of low water of the left bank of said river.

Accompanying plat is hereby made part of this description.

END OF DESCRIPTION

PREPARED 4/24/19 BY THE CALIFORNIA STATE LANDS COMMISSION BOUNDARY UNIT





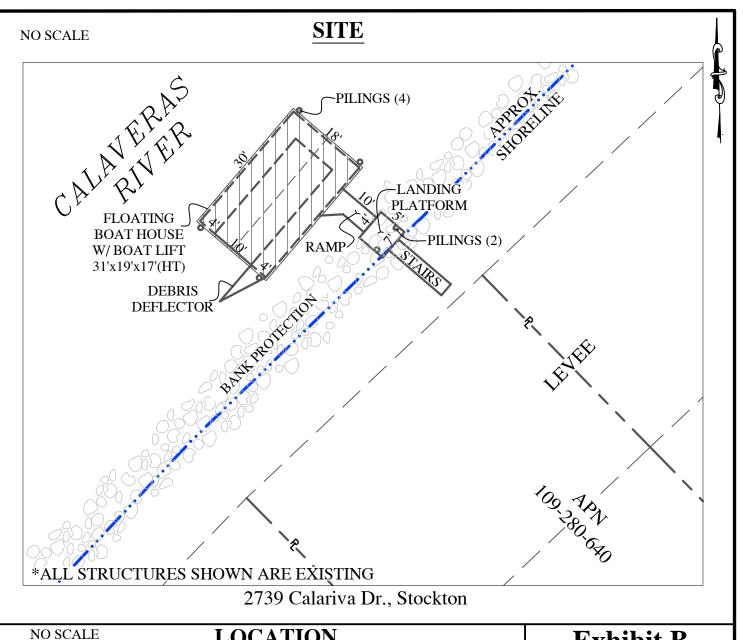
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LAND DESCRIPTION PLAT PRC 5653.1, SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY

CALIFORNIA STATE LANDS COMMISSION





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MAP SOURCE: USGS QUAD

This Exhibit is solely for purposes of generally defining the lease premises, is based on unverified information provided by the Lessee or other parties and is not intended to be, nor shall it be construed as, a waiver or limitation of any State interest in the subject or any other property.

Exhibit B

PRC 5653.1 **DUFF** APN 109-280-640 **GENERAL LEASE -RECREATIONAL &** PROTECTIVE STRUCTURE USE

SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY

